



Zinc It  
#CRC2085

www.crcindustries.com.au



## DESCRIPTION

CRC Zinc It is a single component Zinc rich compound with a special epoxy binder and contains 95% of the highest purity Zinc in the dried film, to give Galvanic Rust Prevention.

### Applications:

Ideal for use on:

- Transmission Towers
- Transformers
- Radio and TV Relay Towers
- Power Generation Equipment
- Structural Steel
- Trailers
- Roofs
- Guard Rails
- Welding Seams
- Rivet Holes
- Fencing
- Storage Tanks
- Off Shore Oil Rigs and ships
- Railroad and Sub-station Equipment
- Touch-Up over galvanized coatings
- Coastal and Ship borne Installations subject to severe salt water and salt spray corrosion.

## FEATURES

- Easy to apply – aerosol only
- Long term protection to steel because of cathodic action
- Flexible continuous protective film
- Metallic zinc coating is universally accepted as the best method of rust prevention
- Does not contain Lead.

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### Physical Properties (without propellant)

Flash Point	• 41° C
Temperature Resistance	• Up to 400° C
Average Film Thickness	• 50 microns
VOC Content Including Propellant	• 54.7%wt, 580 g/litre
Specific Gravity (20° C)	• 2.20 +/- 0.05
Complete Cure (20° C)	• 72 hours
Solubility in Water	• Insoluble
Propellant	• Hydrocarbon

### Directions

#### Preparation:

- Thorough preparation of the surface gives a longer protection
- Ideally, abrasive blasting to AS 1627.9 Class 2. (Millscale, rust and foreign particles are substantially removed and that grey metal is visible.)
- Shake aerosol thoroughly to mix before use.  
Correctly mixed is smooth and uniform throughout and dries a flat mid grey.

#### Overpainting:

- Conventional enamels should not be used over zinc rich primers unless a barrier coat such as Etch Primer is first applied over the Zinc It coating

### Disposal

Disposal requirements vary by state and local regulations. All used and unused product should be disposed of in conformance with local, state and commonwealth laws and regulations.

### Approvals

- ASTM B117 Salt Spray Corrosion: >1000 hours.

### Application Data

Type of Film	• Dry, flexible
Film Thickness	• Wet – 150 microns; Dry – 75 microns
Coverage	• 6m.sq/Lt at 75 microns
Drying Time	• 20 min. to touch, 8hrs to recoat, 24 hrs to hard
Preparation	• Thorough abrading, firm dry surface
Spraying	• Clean up with thinners

### Special Use Warnings

#### Aerosol Cans:

Do not puncture, incinerate or store above 50° C. Exposure to high temperatures may cause can to burst. Do not place in direct sunlight or near any heat source. Aerosol cans will conduct electricity. Keep away from all live electrical sources including battery terminals, solenoids, electrical panels and other electronic components. Failure to observe this warning may result in serious injury from flash fire and/or electrical shock.

#### General:

Use only in well ventilated area. Ventilation may be improved by opening a window or door or providing mechanical assistance. Avoid continuous breathing of vapour and spray mist. Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. If ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection should be worn. For more information regarding short term and long term exposure, review this product's Material Safety Data Sheet.



**The Professional's Choice**

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** ZINC IT

**Synonyms** 2085, 2085B, 2085E - MANUFACTURER'S CODE • 2125 - PART NUMBER • CRC ZINC IT

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

**Uses** AEROSOL DISPENSED • CORROSION PROTECTION

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

**Supplier name** CRC INDUSTRIES (AUST) PTY LIMITED

**Address** 9 Gladstone Road, Castle Hill, NSW, 2154, AUSTRALIA

**Telephone** (02) 9849 6700

**Fax** (02) 9680 4914

**Email** [info.au@crcind.com](mailto:info.au@crcind.com)

**Website** <http://www.crcindustries.com.au>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** 13 11 26 (PIC)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

##### Physical Hazards

Aerosols - Flammable: Category 1

Aerosols - Pressurised: Category 1

##### Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Narcotic Effects)

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

##### Environmental Hazards

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements

**Signal word** DANGER

**Pictograms**



**PRODUCT NAME ZINC IT****Hazard statements**

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Prevention statements**

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

**Response statements**

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391	Collect spillage.

**Storage statements**

P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

**Disposal statements**

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.
------	--

**2.3 Other hazards**

No information provided.

---

**3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

---

**3.1 Substances / Mixtures**

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED (<0.1% W/W 1,3-BUTADIENE)	68476-85-7	270-704-2	30 to 60%
ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST (STABILISED)	7440-66-6	231-175-3	30 to 60%
TOLUENE	108-88-3	203-625-9	5 to 20%
XYLENE	1330-20-7	215-535-7	5 to 20%

---

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

---

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

<b>Eye</b>	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
<b>Skin</b>	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
<b>Ingestion</b>	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
<b>First aid facilities</b>	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### **4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically.

---

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

---

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Extremely flammable aerosol. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Aerosol may explode at temperatures exceeding 50°C. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, etc when handling. Aerosol cans may explode when heated above 50°C.

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### **5.4 Hazchem code**

2Y  
2 Fine Water Spray.  
Y Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

---

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

---

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### **6.3 Methods of cleaning up**

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

#### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

---

### **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

---

#### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

#### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a cool (< 50°C), dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure aerosol containers/ cans are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for damaged/ leaking containers. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems.

#### **7.3 Specific end uses**

No information provided.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)	SWA [AUS]	1000	1800	1000	1800
Toluene	SWA [AUS]	50	191	150	574
Toluene	SWA [Proposed]	20	75	--	--
Xylene	SWA [AUS]	80	350	150	655
Zinc oxide (dust)	SWA [AUS]	--	10	--	--

#### Biological limits

Ingredient	Reference	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
TOLUENE	ACGIH BEI	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis)	End of shift	0.3 mg/g creatinine
	ACGIH BEI	Toluene in urine	End of shift	0.03 mg/L
	ACGIH BEI	Toluene in blood	Prior to last shift of workweek	0.02 mg/L
XYLENE	ACGIH BEI	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift	1.5 g/g creatinine

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

#### PPE

- Eye / Face** Wear splash-proof goggles.
- Hands** Wear PVA or Viton® gloves.
- Body** When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.
- Respiratory** Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	GREY LIQUID (AEROSOL DISPENSED)
<b>Odour</b>	SOLVENT ODOUR
<b>Flammability</b>	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE
<b>Flash point</b>	12°C
<b>Boiling point</b>	110°C
<b>Melting point</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>pH</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Vapour density</b>	> 1 (Air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	2.1
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	INSOLUBLE
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	7.2 %
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	1.3 %
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	550°C
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE

**PRODUCT NAME ZINC IT****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

**9.2 Other information**

% Volatiles	47 %
-------------	------

---

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

---

**10.1 Reactivity**

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Polymerization will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Avoid shock, friction, heavy impact, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

---

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. This product may have the potential to cause adverse health effects if intentionally misused (e.g. deliberately inhaling contents).

**Information available for the ingredients:**

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST (STABILISED)	> 2,000 mg/kg (rat)	--	> 5.41 mg/l/4hrs (rat)
TOLUENE	5580 mg/kg (rat)	5000 mg/kg (rabbit)	25.7 - 30 mg/L/4hrs (rat)
XYLENE	> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (AICIS)	> 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)	20 mg/L/4h (rat) (AICIS)

**Skin** Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, irritation, rash and dermatitis.

**Eye** Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

**Sensitisation** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

**Mutagenicity** Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** Insufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.

**Reproductive** Over exposure to toluene may damage fertility or the unborn child.

**STOT - single exposure** Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea and headache. High level exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.

**STOT - repeated exposure** Repeated exposure to toluene may result in central nervous system (CNS), liver and kidney damage.

**Aspiration** Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form. However, if liquid component is ingested, aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

---

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**12.1 Toxicity**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**PRODUCT NAME ZINC IT****12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No information provided.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No information provided.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No information provided.

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

If aromatic hydrocarbons are released to soil, they will evaporate from near-surface soil & leach to groundwater. Biodegradation occurs in soil & groundwater but may be slow, especially at high concentrations, which can be toxic to microorganisms. Will exist largely as vapour in air. Half life in atmosphere depends on particular hydrocarbon (eg 1-2 days (xylene)); 3 hrs-1 day (toluene)).

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Waste disposal** For small amounts, absorb contents with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Do not puncture or incinerate aerosol cans. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
<b>14.1 UN Number</b>	1950	1950	1950
<b>14.2 Proper Shipping Name</b>	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class</b>	2.1	2.1	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing Group</b>	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

Marine Pollutant.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

**Hazchem code** 2Y  
**GTEPG** 2D1  
**EmS** F-D, S-U

**Other information** The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in packages of less than 5 kg/L (UN Model Regulations: Special Provision 375; IATA: Special Provision A197; IMDG: Special Provision 969) or less than 500 kg/L by Australian Road and Rail.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications** Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

**Inventory listings** **AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)**  
 All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Additional information** AEROSOL CANS may explode at temperatures approaching 50°C.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:**

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
pH	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm	Parts Per Million
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average

**Report status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

**Prepared by**

Risk Management Technologies  
 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth  
 Western Australia 6005  
 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711  
 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794  
 Email: info@rmt.com.au  
 Web: www.rmtglobal.com

[ End of SDS ]